RPA-2020 and FIA: Resources Planning Act Projections

USDA FOREST SERVICE

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RPA Forest Assessment → Objective:

Address the *important future issues* about forest conditions and their uses in the United States

- *Important*: of high economic/ecological consequence or concern to the public
- **Future**: requires understanding change and making projections of future forest conditions
- Issues: framed as specific policy-relevant questions to be answered in the Assessment report





RPA 2020 → Forest Assessment Outputs

2020 FOREST ASSESSMENT ISSUES

Climate's influence on future forests

Forest-based climate mitigation (carbon and energy)

Timber management and rural economic activity

Spatial assessment of timber supply potential

Land use change effects on forests

Forests and water

Change profile of the nation's forests (vulnerability)

SUPPORTING TECHNICAL ANALYSIS

Scenario-based projections of:

- forest product market activity
- detailed forest conditions
- Land use changes

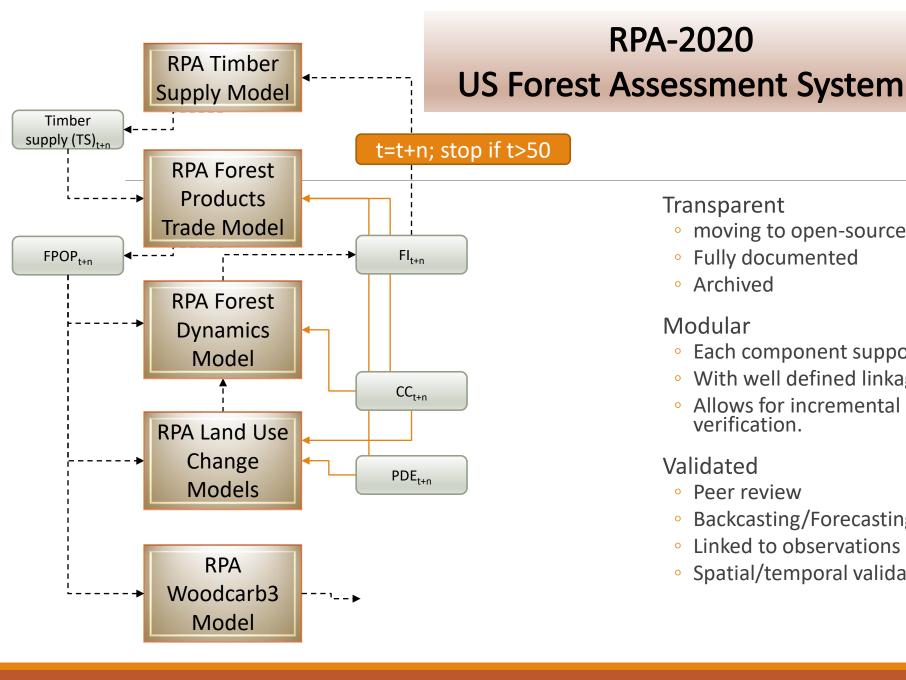
Hypothesis driven research on:

- Land use drivers
- Climate influences on forest type
- Timber harvest propensities/supply
- Demand dynamics
- Risk dynamics

Science Synthesis

- Climate
- Bioenergy





Transparent

RPA-2020

- moving to open-source platforms and public data
- Fully documented
- Archived

Modular

- Each component supports stand alone research
- With well defined linkages
- Allows for incremental contributions and verification.

Validated

- Peer review
- Backcasting/Forecasting structures
- Linked to observations (continuity with monitoring)
- Spatial/temporal validation 0



RPA Forest Dynamics Model

Role

- Projections of detailed forest conditions for all forested plots in the US Forest Inventory
- Projections of timber supply in each region for each time period

Mechanism:

- Stochastic plot transition models to address forest disturbance, forest harvesting/management, climate changes, aging, and land use change
- Plot records are projected using resampling/imputation from historical plot records
- Area frame is adjusted using projected change in forest area by county (land use)
- Spatial realizations of forest projection using imputation

Inputs

 Previous period's inventory; timber price outputs from Forest Products Trade Model; climate conditions; land use outcomes from Land Use Change Model

Outputs:

• Projections of forest conditions on all forested plots and companion 30m spatial realizations



Forest Inventory Dynamics Model

Projection model

- Transition modeling
- plot-condition imputation

Based on FIA plot observations

• All land uses included

Transitions are empirically derived

Additional considerations

- Novelty
 - Climate
 - Productivity change

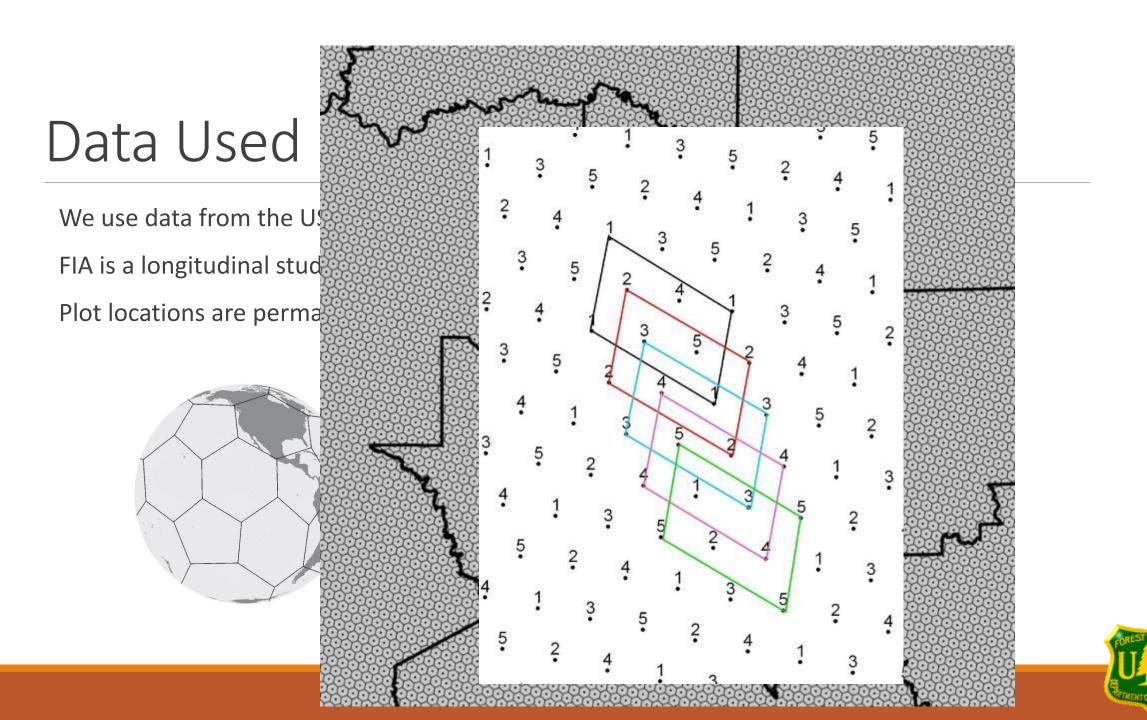
Transitions addressed

- Land use change
- Disturbances (including harvest)
- Regeneration with forest type assignment
- Forest aging

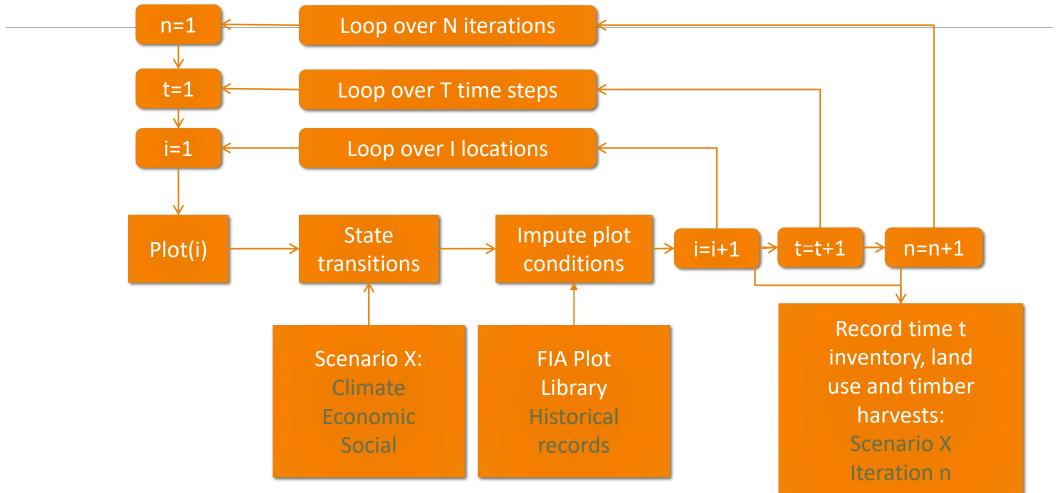
Imputation

- Partition donor sets based on clustering logic
- Random selection with replacement
- Consider novelty





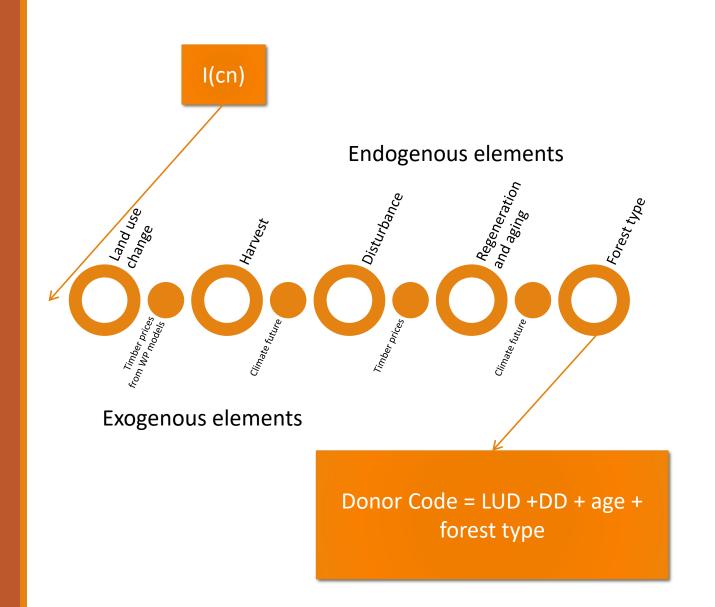
Forest Inventory Dynamics: model structure





Transition modeling summary

Each plot (t) is taken to t+1 with transition model and assigned a donor code



Core research components

Forest "type" dynamics

- Empirically derived assemblages
- Climate change influences

Disturbance probabilities

- Fire / I&D / Weather
- Links to condition and climate

Harvest/management choices

Harvest model with links to timber supply

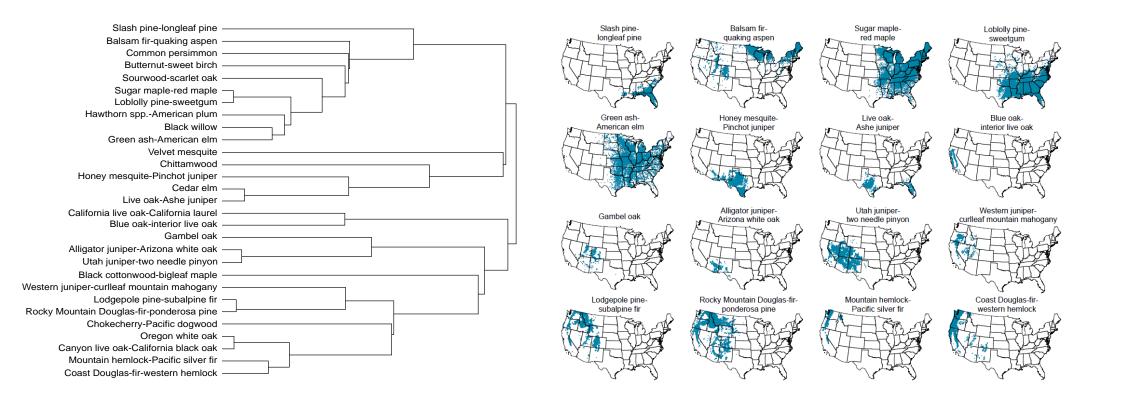
Land use change

- Either multinomial outcomes or expansion factor approach
- Likely the latter?



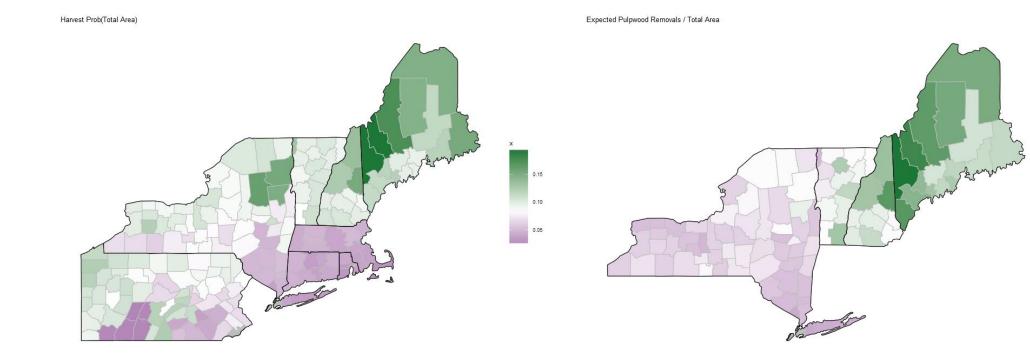
Highlights of ongoing work

Forest Species Assemblages



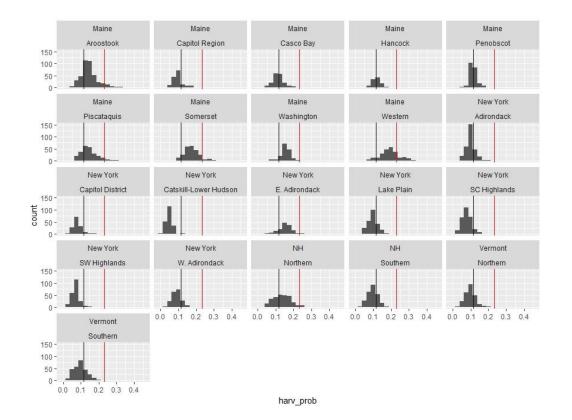


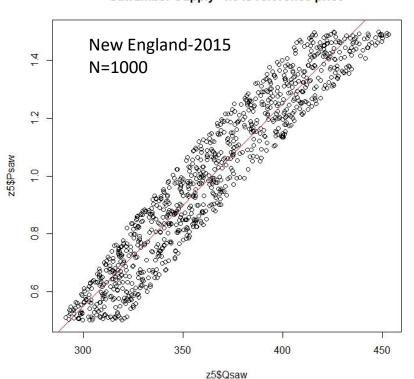
Harvest Choice Models





Timber Supply Models



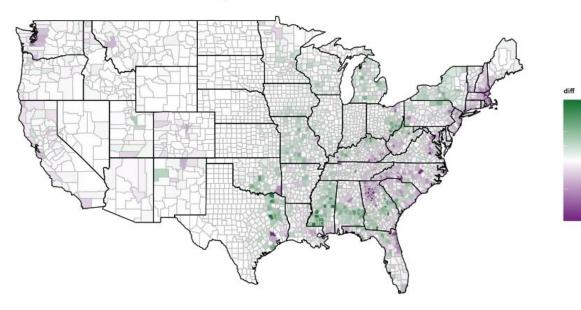


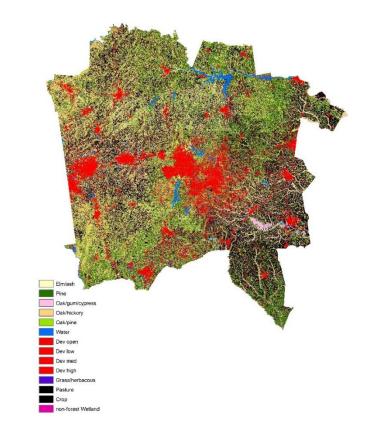
Sawtimber Supply- 1.0 is reference price



Land use change models

Net change in Forest land use: 82 - 12



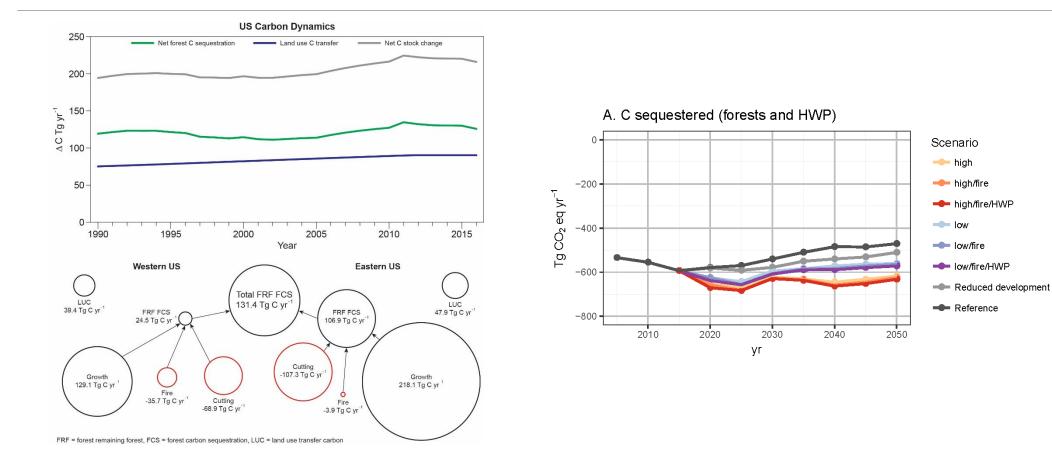


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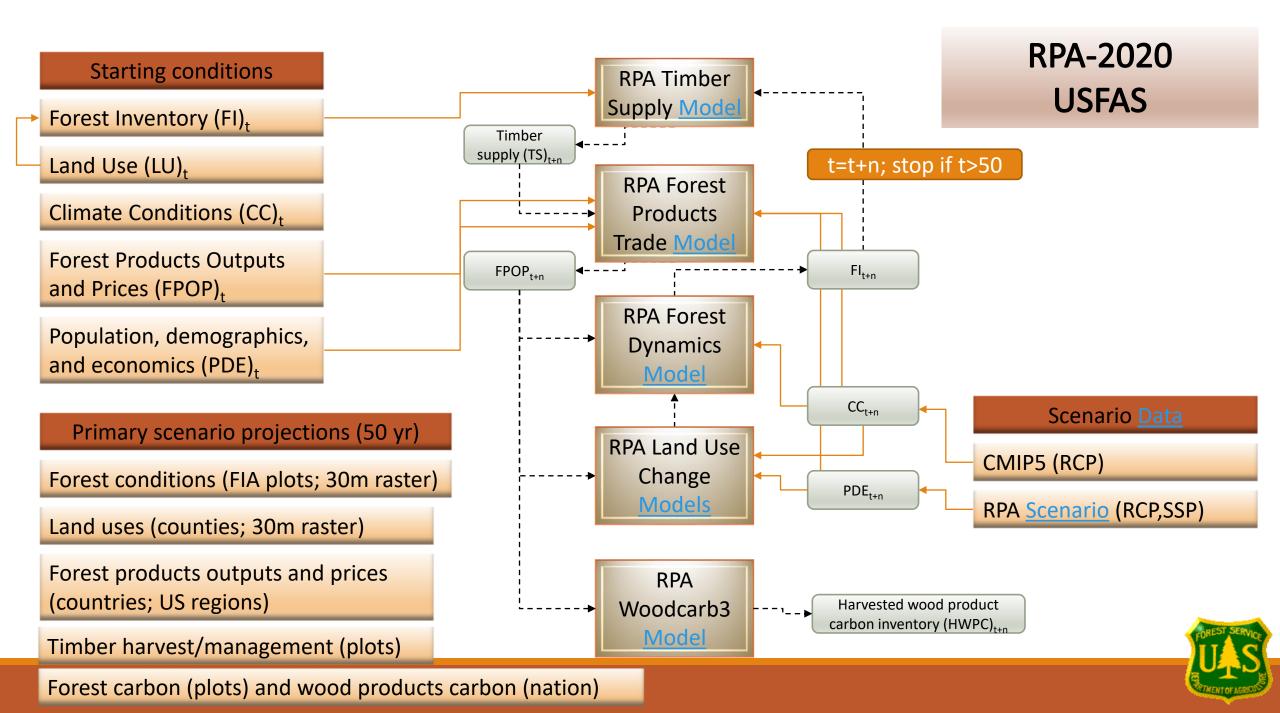
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Forest Carbon







Concluding remarks

Producing a library of future forest conditions

- Across several scenarios (coherency)
- Multiple realizations

Projecting forest conditions at the unit of observation

- Big data ---more data makes models better (really!)
- Replacing theoretical constructs with empirical models informed by theory
- Allows for direct modeling of relevant mechanisms of change
- Defines a seamless link between trends in observed and projections
- Allows for various aggregations
 - Small region timber supply estimates
 - Subregional assessment reports
 - Southern Forest Futures Project
 - Northern Forest Futures Project



RPA Timber Supply Model	D.N. Wear, R. Li, J. Coulston, R. Abt, J. Prestemon FSR&D, North Carolina State University
RPA Forest Products Trade Model	J. Prestemon, C. Johnston, K. Abt, P. Nepal, J. Buongiorno, D.N. Wear FSR&D, University of Wisconsin, North Carolina State
RPA Forest Dynamics Model	University J. Coulston, D.N. Wear, J. Costanza, R. Li, A. Webster FSR&D, North Carolina State University, ORISE
RPA Land Use Change Models	D.N. Wear, J. Coulston, T. Kim, E. Brooks, K. Blessman, T. Ozer Kaya FSR&D, Virginia Tech
RPA Woodcarb3 model	J. Coulston, E. Marland FSR&D, Appalachian State University



I think I see the ultimate deliverable

